



OpenPMF

**Integrated IT
Security**

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About ObjectSecurity...

- IT security expertise
- Consulting services/solutions in IT security.
- Security specialist for complex, heterogeneous, networked environments
 - Middleware: EJB, CORBA, .NET, XML Web services, CCM
 - Model-Driven Architecture (MDA)
 - Security mechanisms: PKI, PMI, Firewalls, ...
- Evolved from University of Cambridge (UK) research, founded in 2000

WWW.OBJECTSECURITY.COM

Security solutions for blue-chip customers

- Clients
 - Deutsche Telekom
 - General Electric
 - Agilent Technologies
 - US Naval Research Laboratory
 - Twinsoft
 - European Commission
 - Artechhouse Scientific Book Publisher
- Partners
 - Thales
 - Lucent
 - Intracom
 - US Naval Research Laboratory
 - Fraunhofer Gesellschaft FOKUS
 - Various Universities (e.g. Cambridge, London, Paris, Lille, Berlin)

FORTUNE 500

ObjectSecurity – IT Security Expertise

- Our approach:
 - Complete organization-wide approach from business imperatives through to technology solutions
 - Unified approach to security problems
 - A complete solution from policy creation to technologies
- Benefits:
 - Security at a lower cost and with less effort
 - Greater flexibility and customization
 - Higher assurance
- We do this for systems where other commercial solutions do not exist

ObjectSecurity's Expert Know-How

- Security architecture, policy design, risk analysis, policy integration
- Security policy and technology effectiveness analysis
- Integration of security products
- Security technology evaluation
- Applied research and development

Some of our projects

- Security consulting, development, applied R&D
 - Very complex, distributed environments:
 - Air traffic management
 - Defense communications
 - Very specific, distributed environments:
 - Geographical information system
 - Mobile telecoms application platform
 - More typical distributed environments
 - Secure mobile stock trading system

WWW.OPENPMF.ORG

WWW.SECUREMIDDLEWARE.ORG

WWW.MICO.ORG

WWW.MICOSEC.ORG

WWW.IST-COACH.ORG

OpenPMF

- In a nutshell:
 - Technology framework
 - Open source software (tool kit)
 - Integration as a commercial service
- Purpose:
 - Add good security to distributed systems
 - Make distributed systems security manageable

Legacy systems create problems

Large enterprises use many separate, incompatible components (often legacy)



Specific Application



Web Server



Legacy Back-end Data Store



Contractor Data Access



Router



Data Mining Machine



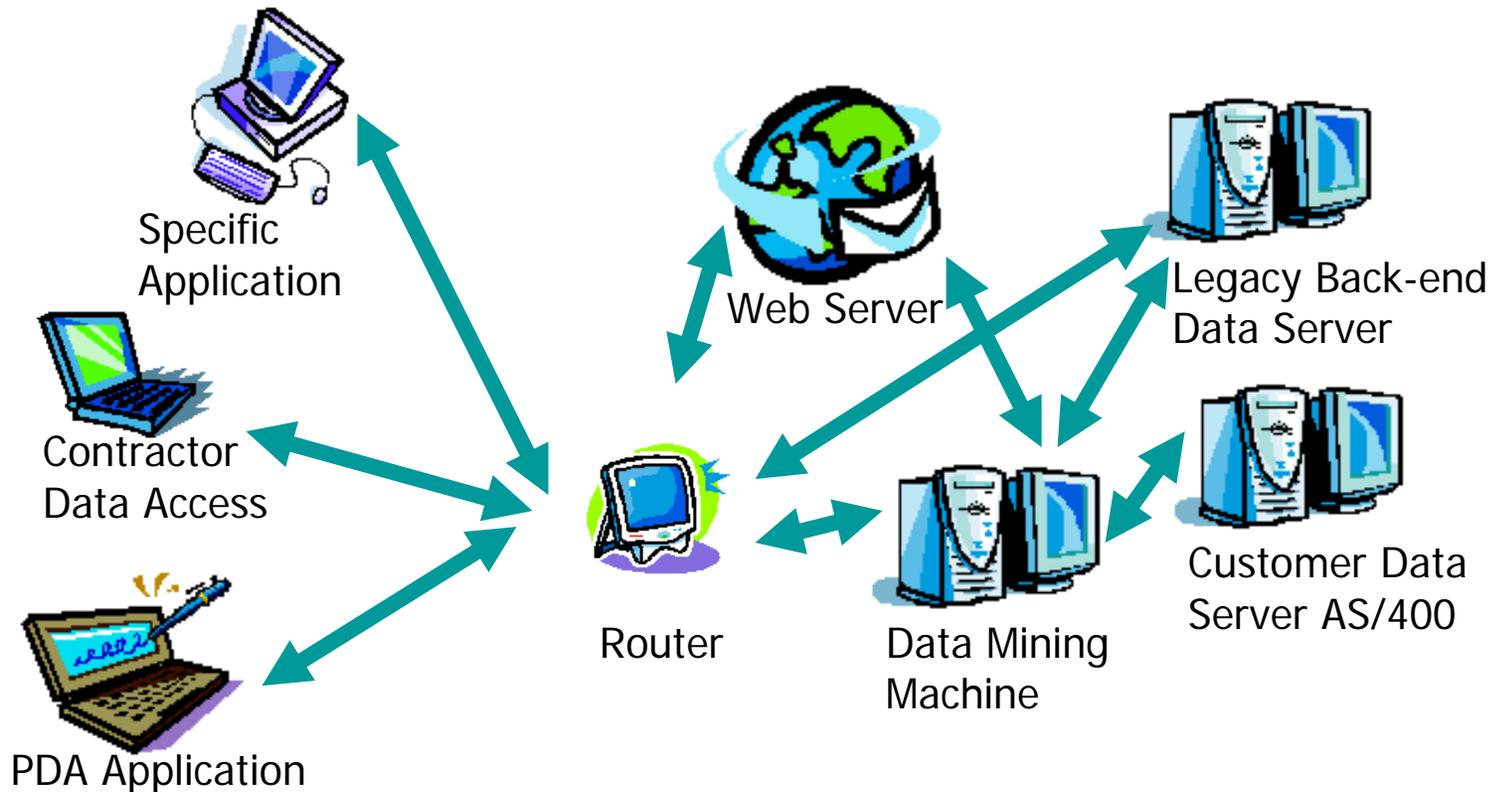
Customer Data



PDA Application

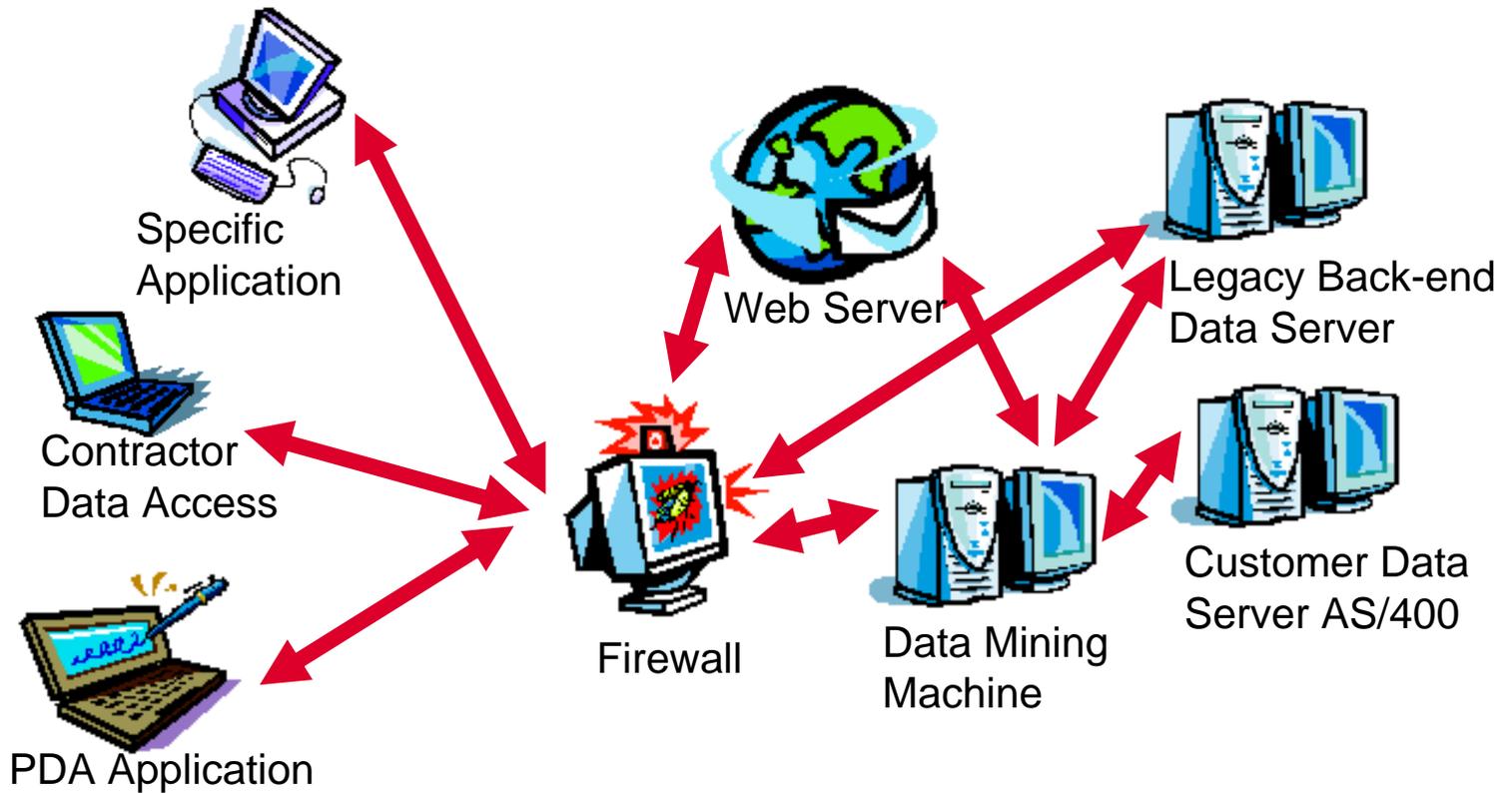
Services and Data Integration

Last decade: seamless, enterprise-wide integration of services and data (e.g. Web Services, EJB, CORBA, .NET, CCM, DCE)



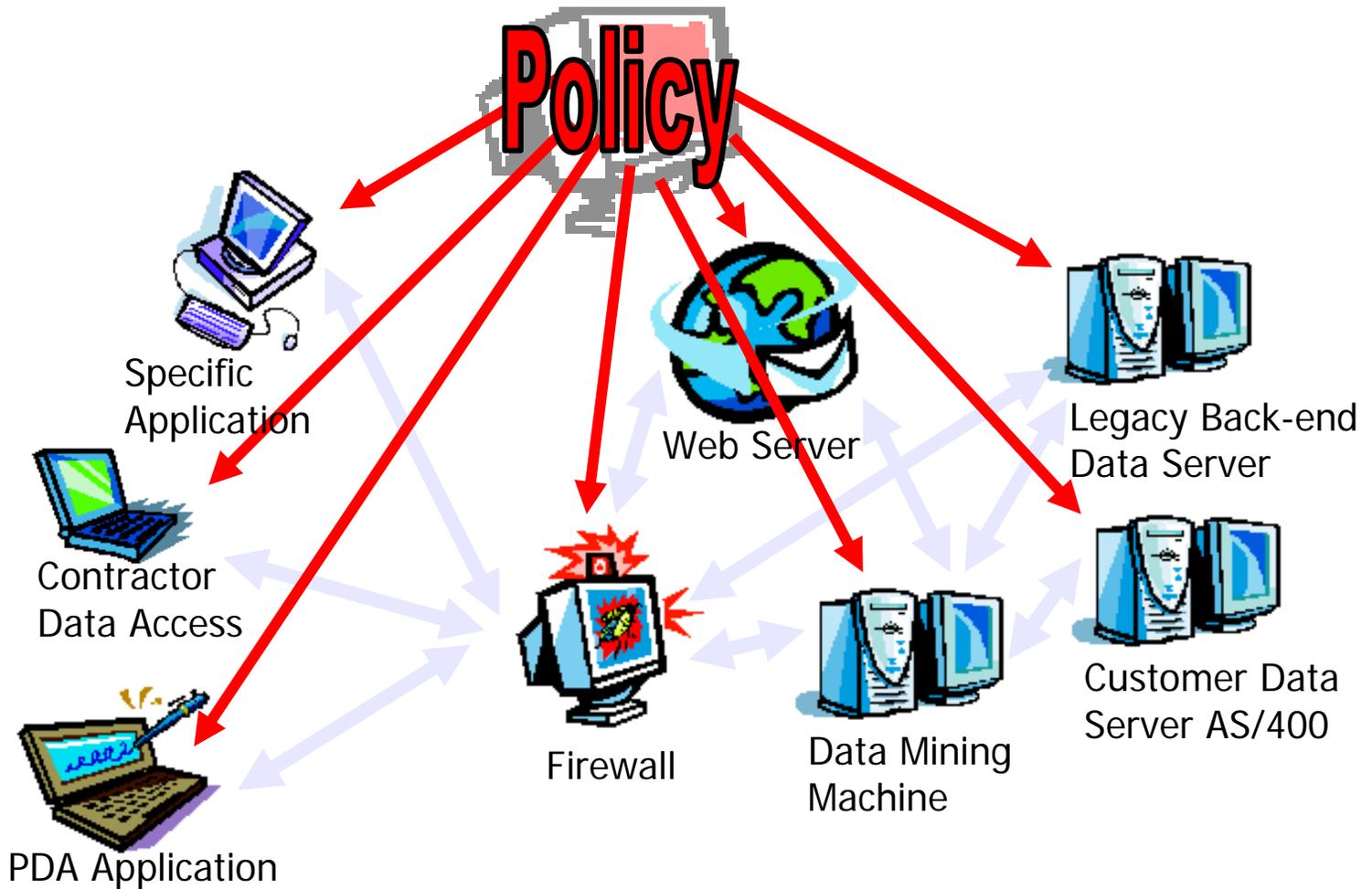
Adding security has been in isolation

Last decade: protection of information and services increasingly important; mostly "island solutions"



ObjectSecurity's solution: OpenPMF

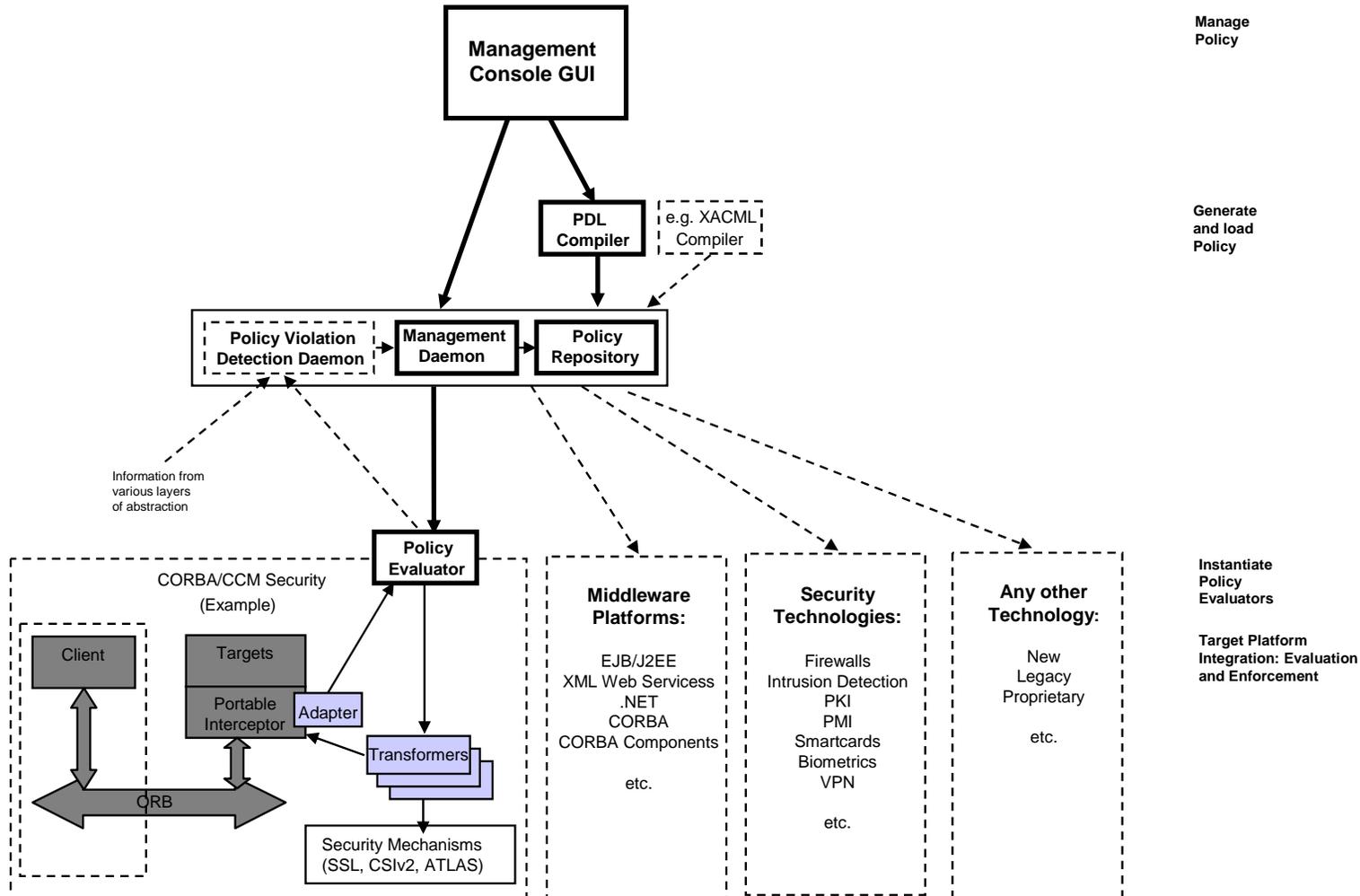
Seamless, customized integration of security



OpenPMF Main Principles

- Apply the OMG Model-Driven Architecture (MDA) approach to security
 - PIM: technology-unspecific policy
 - PSM: technology-specific policy
 - Implementation: enforcement
- Separation of functional and non functional aspects
- Separation of policy definition, storage, evaluation, enforcement
- Flexible composition of simple concepts
- Small, well defined modules (-> assurance) to:
 - Describe, obtain, process security information
 - Evaluate policy
 - Trigger actions

OpenPMF Architecture



Policy Definition Language (PDL)

- Technology-independent language
- Technology-independent identifiers:
 - Initiator, intermediate, target, operation, action
- Hierarchies
- Clustering
- Delegation: weak and strong
- Arbitrary execution of predefined functions possible, for example logging or notification

PDL example

```
policy /OS [*, *] {
    // Admin allowed to write policy, bank server allowed to obtain policy
    policy /OS/Bank [/OS/Bank/Admin, /OS/Bank/Server] {
        // Simple rule
        (initiator.name == /OS/Director)&(operation.name == create)
&(target.type == IDL:Bank:1.0) : allow;
        // All clients in group /OS/Accounting are allowed to open the account
        (initiator.group == /OS/Accounting)&(operation.name == open)
&(target.type == IDL:Bank:1.0) : allow;
        // List of operations
        (initiator.group == /OS/Accounting )&(operation.name == {deposit,
        balance})
&(target.type == IDL:Account:1.0) : allow;
        // Again a simple rule
        (initiator.name == /OS/Director)&(operation.name == withdraw)
&(target.type == IDL:Account:1.0) : allow;
        // Strong delegation
        (client.speaksfor.name == /OS/Director) &
        (initiator.group == /OS/Accounting)&(operation.name == withdraw)
&(target.type == IDL:Account:1.0) : allow;
    };
};
```

Policy Repository

- Stores the entire security policy
 - Technology-independent rules
 - Consistent
 - Centralised
 - Optimised
 - Hierarchical (for separation of duties)
- Based on OMG Meta Object Facility (MOF)
 - UML model for policy structure
 - Automatic generation of the repository and XMI interchange

Policy Evaluation

- Interprets security rules
- Efficient runtime representation instantiated
 - At application startup (online repository)
 - At compile time (for embedded systems)
- Evaluators make decisions based on technology-unspecific attributes
 - obtained from Transformers
 - comparison done by Transformers
- Technology-independent, but programming language specific

Transformers

- Obtain attributes from platform and security mechanism
- Transform specific information to abstract identities
- Operations for the comparison of selector and obtained attribute
- Transformers have to be implemented once per security mechanism & platform (extensibility!)
- High flexibility and extensibility
 - Transformer can obtain arbitrary information
 - Transformers can be stacked

Adapter

- Adapter calls policy evaluator
 - Trigger evaluation of policy
 - Execute decision: Grant or reject invocation
- Integration into call chain platform specific, e.g.:
 - CORBA: Portable Interceptors
 - CCM: Component Portable Interceptors (COPI)
- Adapter has to be implemented once per platform

Central Management

- Central management (via management daemon) reduces costs
 - Users
 - Identities, roles,...
 - Applications
 - Policies
 - Configuration
 - Logging and auditing
- Integration with directory services
 - Already existing information, e.g. about users, can be reused
- Intrusion detection & prevention daemon

Technology Integration

- Some security infrastructure needed
 - Public Key Infrastructure
 - Privilege Management Infrastructure (ATLAS)
 - Directory Services (LDAP) for user data
 - protocol for delegation & authorisation token transfer, e.g. Common Secure Interoperability v2 (CSIv2)
- Current version tested with:
 - CORBA and CORBA Component Model (CCM)
 - Firewalls
 - EJB/Java
- Future: Web services, .NET

Technology Integration

- IIOB Domain Boundary Controller
 - Allows secure usage of EJB, CCM and CORBA over the Internet
 - Protects servers without self defense
 - Integration with packet filter
- Clusters and Grids
 - OpenPMF allows secure sharing of resources and information
 - Prototype: Office computers as number crunchers at night

Technology Integration

- Multiple Independent Levels of Security (MILS)
 - Separated nodes with different security levels running in OS “partitions”
 - OpenPMF used to control information flow between nodes
 - Mainly used by military applications
 - Civilian use: Damage restriction

Building Blocks for Distributed Systems



- Cross-platform security integration
 - Web Services,
 - .NET,
 - Enterprise Java Beans,
 - CORBA
 - CORBA Component Model,
 - MDA security modelling
 - Security technologies (firewalls, PKI, Privilege Management Infrastructure)

SecureMiddleware

- Project that integrates OpenPMF with Qedo CORBA Components
- First model-driven, component-based, secure application development and integration platform in the world
- www.securemiddleware.org

Conclusion

- OpenPMF benefits:
 - Makes security in complex, heterogeneous, networked IT environments manageable
 - Central administration
 - Flexible policies and consistent policies
 - Reliable policy definition and enforcement
 - Across differing technologies: organisation-wide security policy
 - Integrated validation, optimisation, intrusion detection possible
 - Easy extension to incorporate new security technologies and policy features
 - The effort for development and operation is reduced



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